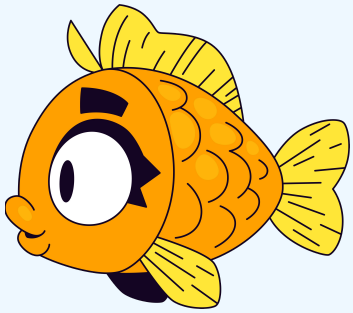
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Past Continuous a Past Simple – ćwiczenia

Zanim przejdziemy do ćwiczeń, krótkie przypomnienie najważniejszych informacji.

Czasy Past Simple oraz Past Continuous często występują w jednym zdaniu, ponieważ wspólnie opisują wydarzenia z przeszłości. Kluczem do ich opanowania jest zrozumienie różnicy między czynnością trwającą a czynnością zakończoną.

Past Simple – czynność zakończona

Opisuje wydarzenia dokonane, zamknięte w przeszłości, często następujące po sobie.

- I woke up, made coffee and left the house. – czynności jedna po drugiej
- She visited her grandma last weekend. – fakt z przeszłości

Budowa: czasownik w drugiej formie (-ed lub forma nieregularna).

Past Continuous – czynność w trakcie trwania

Opisuje czynność, która trwała w określonym momencie w przeszłości i nie była jeszcze zakończona.

- At 8 pm I was watching TV. – o 20 byłem w trakcie oglądania
- They were sleeping when the phone rang. – spali (czynność w toku)

Budowa: was / were + czasownik z końcówką -ing.

When i while

- **when** zwykle poprzedza Past Simple (krótszą czynność) → When the phone rang, I was sleeping.
- **while** zwykle poprzedza Past Continuous (dłuższe tło) → While I was sleeping, the phone rang.

Dwie czynności równoległe

Gdy dwie czynności trwały jednocześnie, obie wyrażamy w Past Continuous, zwykle łącząc je słowem while.

- While I was reading, my brother was playing computer games.

1 Rozpoznaj czas

> Spójrz na podkreśloną część zdania i wpisz, jakiego czasu użyto: PS (Past Simple) czy PC (Past Continuous).

1. I was reading a book at 9 pm. → ____
2. She opened the door and went out. → ____
3. They were playing football in the rain. → ____
4. We watched a great film last night. → ____
5. He was cooking when I arrived. → ____
6. The bus left before we got there. → ____



2 Uzupełnij zdania czasem Past Continuous

Wpisz czasownik z nawiasu w czasie Past Continuous (was / were + -ing).

1. At 7 o'clock this morning I _____ (sleep).
2. This time yesterday we _____ (travel) to the seaside.
3. She _____ (not / listen) to the teacher during the lesson.
4. What _____ you _____ (do) at midnight?
5. The children _____ (play) in the garden all afternoon.
6. He _____ (wear) a strange hat at the party.

3 Uzupełnij dialog czasem Past Continuous

Uzupełnij rozmowę, wpisując czasownik z nawiasu w czasie Past Continuous. To rozmowa policjanta ze świadkiem.

Policjant: Where were you yesterday at 8 pm?
Świadek: I (1) _____ (have) dinner at a restaurant with my wife.
Policjant: And what (2) _____ your wife _____ (do) when you heard the noise?
Świadek: She (3) _____ (look) at the menu.
We (4) _____ (not / pay) attention to the street.
Policjant: Did you see the two men outside?
Świadek: Yes. One of them (5) _____ (wear) a black jacket, and the other (6) _____ (talk) on the phone. They (7) _____ (stand) near a red car.

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4 Wstaw oba czasy w jednym zdaniu

Uzupełnij każde zdanie, wpisując jeden czasownik w Past Continuous (tło), a drugi w Past Simple (przerwanie).

1. I _____ (cook) dinner when the phone _____ (ring).
2. While they _____ (watch) TV, the power _____ (go) out.
3. She _____ (walk) to school when she _____ (meet) her friend.
4. We _____ (sleep) when the storm _____ (start).
5. He _____ (read) a book when someone _____ (knock) on the door.
6. What _____ you _____ (do) when I _____ (call) you?

5 When czy while?

Uzupełnij zdania właściwym spójnikiem: when lub while.

1. _____ I was cooking, the phone rang.
2. She was reading _____ her brother was watching TV.
3. _____ the accident happened, they were driving very fast.
4. I saw a falling star _____ I was walking home.
5. _____ we arrived, they were still having dinner.
6. He broke his leg _____ he was skiing.

6 Past Simple czy Past Continuous? Wybierz właściwą formę

> Zdecyduj, którego czasu użyć, i wpisz czasownik w odpowiedniej formie.

1. Yesterday I _____ (get) up at seven, _____ (have) breakfast and _____ (go) to work.
2. When I _____ (arrive) at the party, everybody _____ (dance).
3. While she _____ (study), her phone _____ (ring) three times.
4. The sun _____ (shine) and the birds _____ (sing) when we _____ (wake) up.
5. He _____ (not / hear) the alarm because he _____ (sleep) deeply.
6. They _____ (live) in Paris when their first child _____ (be) born.

7 Znajdź i popraw błąd

W każdym zdaniu jest jeden błąd. Zapisz zdanie poprawnie.

1. While I was knowing the answer, I didn't say anything. →

   ---

2. When she was arriving, we were having dinner already. →

   ---

3. They was playing football when it started to rain. →

   ---

4. I watched TV when the phone rang. →

   ---

5. While he drove home, he saw an accident. →



8 Świadkowie zdarzenia

> Przeczytaj relację świadka pewnego zdarzenia i odpowiedz po angielsku na pytania pełnymi zdaniami, dbając o właściwy czas.

It was a quiet Sunday afternoon. I was sitting in a café near the main square and drinking my coffee. Outside, people were walking, and a street musician was playing the guitar. Suddenly, I heard a loud noise. A car crashed into a lamppost just in front of the café. While I was calling the police, a young woman ran out of the car. She wasn't hurt, but she was crying and shaking. The musician stopped playing and helped her. The police arrived ten minutes later and asked us what we had seen.

1. What was the witness doing when the accident happened? → _____
2. What was the street musician doing before the crash? → _____
3. What did the car crash into? → _____
4. What was the witness doing when the woman ran out of the car? → _____
5. How did the woman feel after the accident? → _____

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ANSWER KEY



1 Rozpoznaj czas

1. PC
2. PS
3. PC
4. PS
5. PC
6. PS

2 Uzupełnij zdania czasem Past Continuous

1. was sleeping
2. were travelling
3. was not (wasn't) listening
4. were ... doing
5. were playing
6. was wearing

3 Uzupełnij dialog czasem Past Continuous

1. was having
2. was ... doing
3. was looking
4. weren't paying (were not paying)
5. was wearing
6. was talking
7. were standing

4 Wstaw oba czasy w jednym zdaniu

1. was cooking / rang
2. were watching / went
3. was walking / met
4. were sleeping / started
5. was reading / knocked
6. were ... doing / called

5 When czy while?

1. While
2. while
3. When
4. while
5. When
6. while

6 Past Simple czy Past Continuous? Wybierz właściwą formę

1. got / had / went (trzy czynności po sobie – Past Simple)
2. arrived / were dancing (przerwanie / tło)
3. was studying / rang
4. was shining / were singing / woke
5. didn't hear / was sleeping
6. were living / was

7 Znajdź i popraw błąd

1. While I knew the answer, I didn't say anything.
2. When she arrived, we were already having dinner.
3. They were playing football when it started to rain.
4. I was watching TV when the phone rang.
5. While he was driving home, he saw an accident.

8 Świadkowie zdarzenia

Przykładowe odpowiedzi:

1. The witness was sitting in a café and drinking coffee.
2. The street musician was playing the guitar.
3. The car crashed into a lamppost.
4. The witness was calling the police.
5. She wasn't hurt, but she was crying and shaking.

